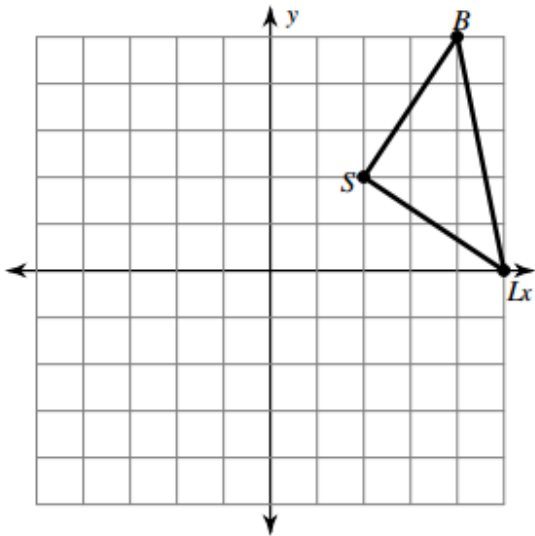


GEOMETRY FINAL EXAM REVIEW 2017

□

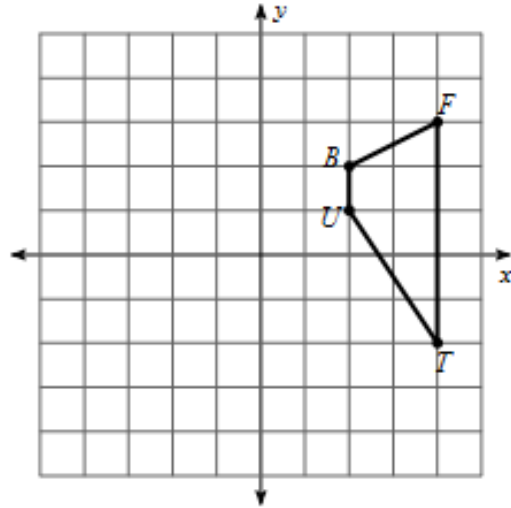
Translate the figure 4 units to the left and 2 units down.



Write this rule algebraically.

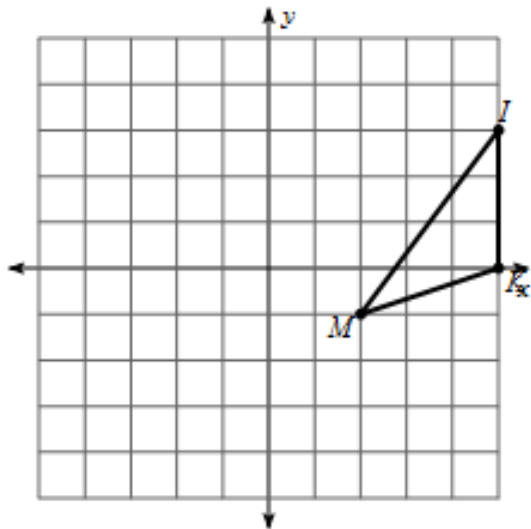
Find the coordinates of the vertices after the given transformation

translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 4, y + 2)$

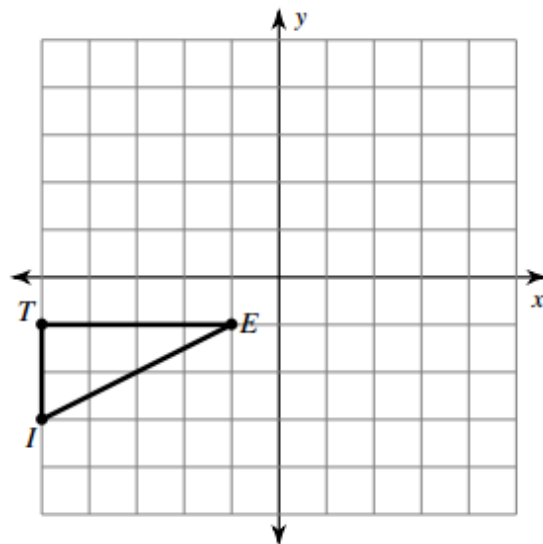


□

Reflect over the y-axis

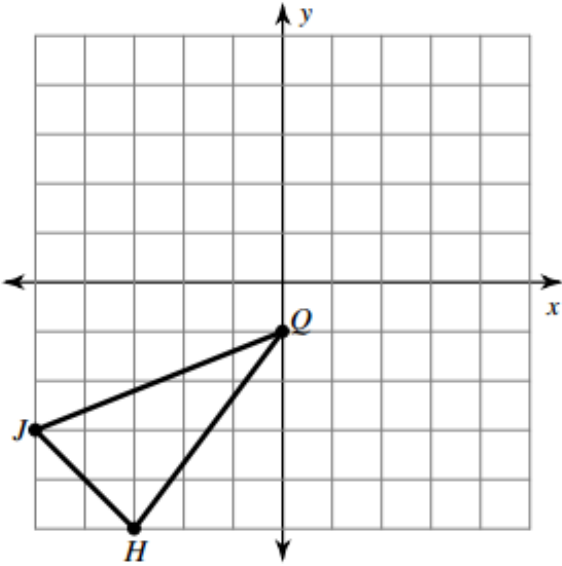


Reflect over the x-axis

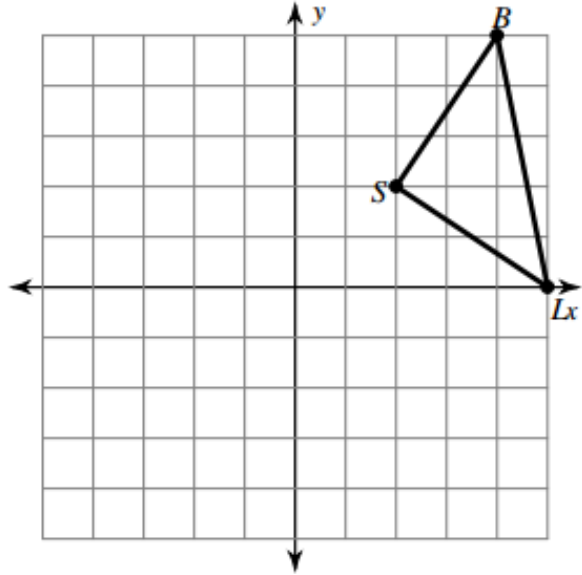


□

Rotate 180° clockwise.



Rotate 90° clockwise.



□

$\angle 1 = 130^\circ$

$\angle 2 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 1$

$\angle 3 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 2$

$\angle 4 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 3$

$\angle 5 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 4$

$\angle 6 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 5$

$\angle 7 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 6$

$\angle 8 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 7$

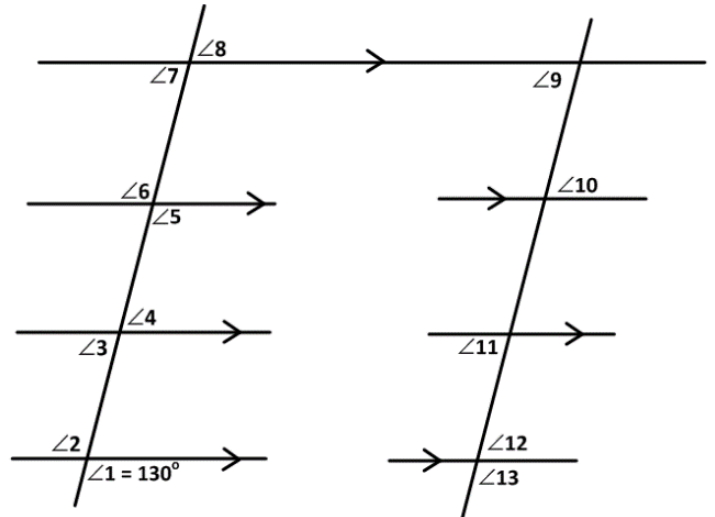
$\angle 9 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 8$

$\angle 10 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 9$

$\angle 11 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 10$

$\angle 12 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 11$

$\angle 13 =$ _____ because it is _____ with $\angle 12$



$\angle 1 = 128^\circ$

$\angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 1$

$\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 2$

$\angle 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 3$

$\angle 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 4$

$\angle 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 5$

$\angle 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 6$

$\angle 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 7$

$\angle 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 8$

$\angle 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 9$

$\angle 11 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 10$

$\angle 12 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 11$

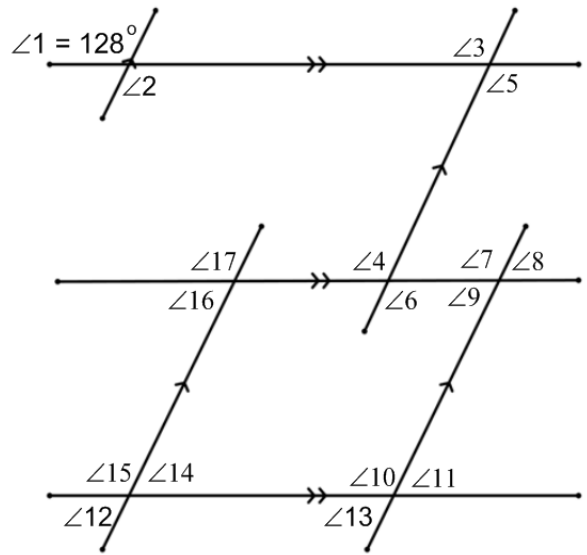
$\angle 13 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 12$

$\angle 14 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 13$

$\angle 15 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 14$

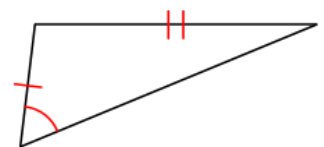
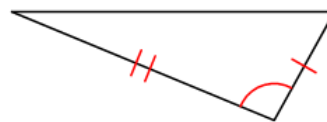
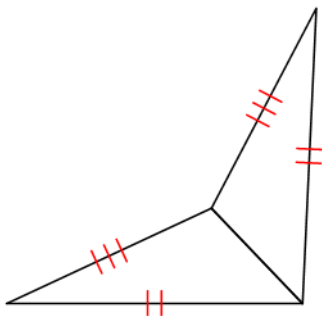
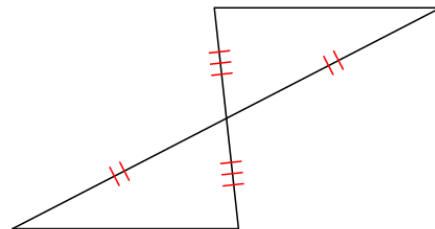
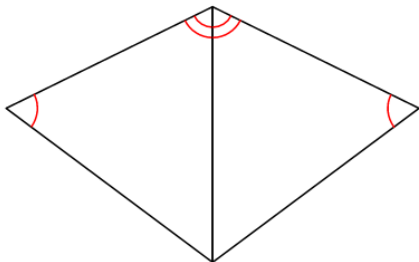
$\angle 16 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 15$

$\angle 17 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ because it is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ with $\angle 16$



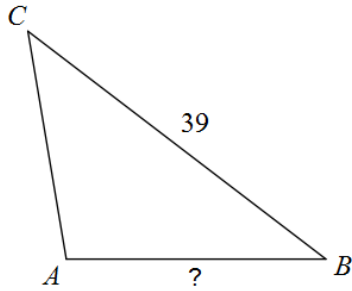
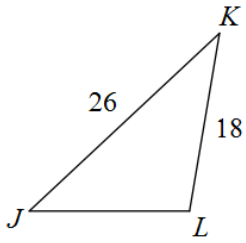
□

State if the two triangles are congruent. If they are, state how you know.

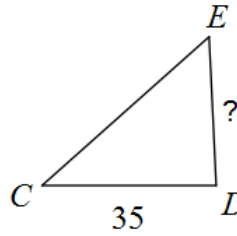
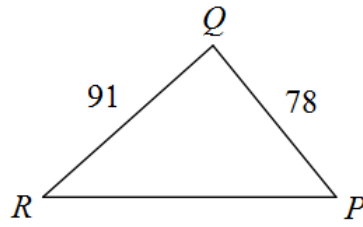




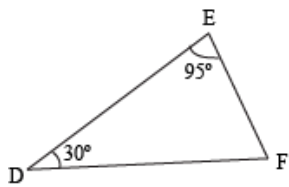
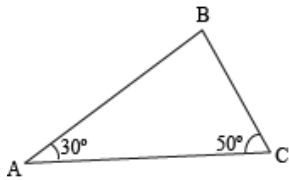
The triangles below are similar.
Find the missing length.



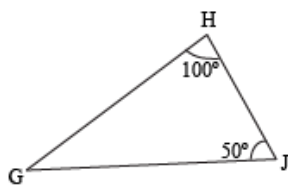
The triangles below are similar.
Find the missing length.



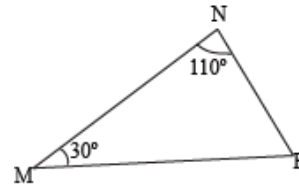
Which of the other triangles is similar to $\triangle ABC$ and why?



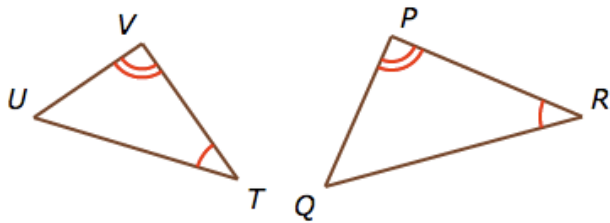
b)



c)



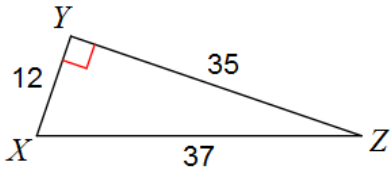
Are these triangles similar?



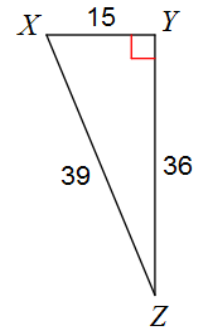
How do you know?



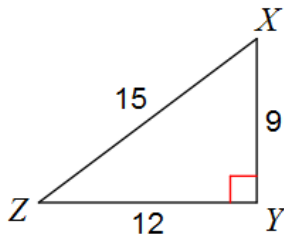
Find $\sin(X)$



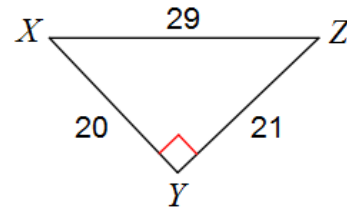
Find $\tan(Z)$



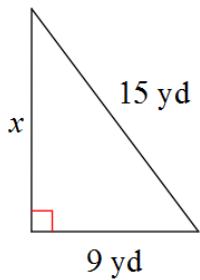
Find $\cos(Z)$



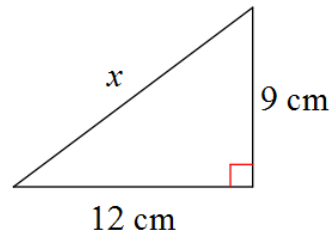
Find $\sin(Z)$



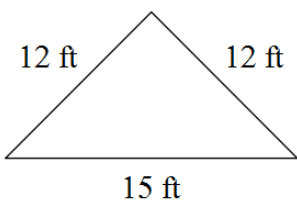
Use the Pythagorean theorem to find the missing side.



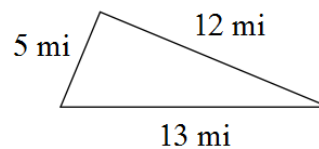
Use the Pythagorean theorem to find the missing side.



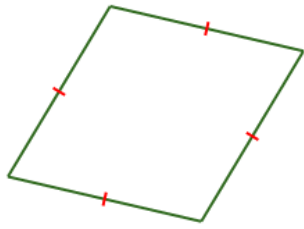
Use the Pythagorean theorem to determine if the triangle is a right triangle.



Use the Pythagorean theorem to determine if the triangle is a right triangle.

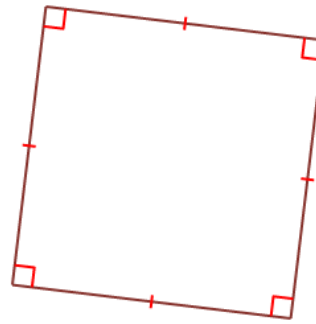


Which terms describe this polygon? Choose all that apply.



- isosceles trapezoid
- rhombus
- quadrilateral
- square

Which terms describe this polygon? Choose all that apply.



- rhombus
- parallelogram
- trapezoid
- square
- rectangle

Label each figure with the part of a circle it is showing.
 (sector, arc, center, diameter, radius, chord, center, central angle)

